

### **Areas for Consideration of Impact**

**APPENDIX A** 

#### **Protected Characteristics**

Age: older people; middle years; early years; children and young people.

**Disability:** physical impairments; learning disability; sensory impairment; mental health conditions; long-term medical conditions.

Gender Reassignment: people undergoing gender reassignment

**Marriage & Civil Partnership:** people who are married, unmarried or in a civil partnership.

Pregnancy and Maternity: women before and after childbirth; breastfeeding.

Race and ethnicity: minority ethnic people; non-English speakers; gypsies/travellers; migrant workers.

Religion and belief: people with different religions or beliefs, or none.

Sex: men; women; experience of gender-based violence.

Sexual orientation: lesbian; gay; bisexual; heterosexual.

### **Fairer Scotland Duty**

**Low income** – those who cannot afford regular bills, food, clothing payments

**Low Wealth** – those who can meet basic living costs but have no savings for unexpected spend or provision for the future.

**Material Deprivation** – those who cannot access basic goods and services, unable to repair/replace broken electrical goods, heat their homes or access to leisure or hobbies

**Area of Deprivation/Communities of Place** - consider where people live and where they work (accessibility and cost of transport)

**Socio-Economic Background** - social class, parents' education, employment, income.

**Health Inequality** (those not already covered in the Fairer Scotland Duty)

**Low literacy / Health Literacy** includes poor understanding of health and health services (health literacy) as well as poor written language skills.

**Discrimination/stigma** – negative attitudes or treatment based on stereotyping. Discrimination can be direct or indirect and includes harassment and victimisation.

**Health and Social Care Service Provision -** availability, and quality/affordability and the ability to navigate accessing these.

**Physical environment and local opportunities -** availability and accessibility of housing, transport, healthy food, leisure activities, green spaces, air quality and housing/living conditions, exposure to pollutants, safety of neighbourhoods, exposure to crime, transmission of infection, tobacco, alcohol and substance use.

**Education and learning** - availability and accessibility to quality education, affordability of further education, Early Years development, readiness for school, literacy and numeracy levels, qualifications.

#### Human Rights (note only the relevant ones are included below)

**Article 2 - The right to life** (absolute right) – everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person which includes access to basic necessities and protection from risks to their life from self or others.

Article 3 - The right not to be tortured or treated in an inhuman or degrading way (absolute right) - which includes anything that causes fear, humiliation intense physical or mental suffering or anguish.

**Article 5 - The right to liberty** (limited right) – and not to be deprived of that liberty in an arbitrary fashion.

**Article 6 - The right to a fair trial** (limited right) – including the right to be heard and offered effective participation in any proceedings.

Article 8 - The right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence (qualified right) – including the right to personal choice, accessible information and communication, and participation in decision-making (taking into account the legal capacity for decision-making).

Article 9 - The right to freedom of thought, belief and religion (qualified right) - including conduct central to beliefs (such as worship, appropriate diet, dress etc.)

**Article 10 - The right to freedom of expression** (qualified right) – to hold and express opinions, received/impart information and ideas without interference

**Article 14 - The right to no discrimination –** not to be treated in a different way compared with someone else in a similar situation. Indirect discrimination happens when someone is treated in the same way as others that does not take into account that person's different situation. An action or decision will only be considered discriminatory if the distinction in treatment cannot be reasonably and objectively justified.

#### **UNCRC**

Article 2 non-discrimination	Article 15 freedom of association	Article 30 children from minority or indigenous groups
Article 3 best interests of the child	Article 16 right to privacy	Article 31 leisure, play and culture
Article 4 implementation of the convention	Article 17 access to information from the media	Article 32 child labour
Article 5 parental guidance and a child's evolving capacities	Article 18 parental responsibilities and state assistance	Article 33 drug abuse
Article 6 life, survival and development	Article 19 protection from violence, abuse and neglect	Article 34 sexual exploitation
Article 7	Article 20	Article 35

Birth, registration, name, nationality, care	children unable to live with their family	abduction, sale and trafficking
Article 8 protection and preservation of identity	Article 22 refugee children	Article 36 other forms of exploitation
Article 9 separation from parents	Article 23 children with a disability	Article 37 inhumane treatment and detention
Article 10 family reunification	Article 24 health and health services	Article 38 war and armed conflicts
Article 11 abduction and non-return of children	Article 25 review of treatment in care	recovery from trauma and reintegration
Article 12 respect for the views of the child	Article 26 Benefit from social security	Article 40 juvenile justice
Article 13 freedom of expression	Article 27 adequate standard of living	Article 42 knowledge of rights
Article 14 freedom of thought, belief and religion	Article 28 right to education	

## Specific groups and duties

Looked after (incl. accommodated) children and young people
Carers: paid/unpaid, family members.
<b>Homelessness:</b> people on the street; staying temporarily with friends/family; in hostels, B&Bs.
<b>Involvement in the criminal justice system:</b> offenders in prison/on probation, exoffenders.
Addictions and substance misuse
Refugees and asylum seekers
Staff: full/part time; voluntary; delivering/accessing services.
Consumer Duty
Armed Forces Covenant

### **APPENDIX B**

## ACHSCP Impact Assessment - Stage 1 - Proportionality and Relevance

Name of Dallay or Drootice	D
Name of Policy or Practice	Proposal to remove funding for one provider who are
being developed	currently receiving grant funding.
Name of Officer completing	Shona Omand-Smith
Proportionality and Relevance	
Questionnaire	
Date of Completion	03.03.2025
What is the aim to be	To assess the impact of removal of funding for
achieved by the policy or	providers who support the independent sector
practice and is it legitimate?	providers across Aberdeen
What are the means to be	To review the function of the role/ team and the impact
used to achieve the aim and	the removal of funding will have on the sector. This will
are they appropriate and	be done through engagement with the sector and the
necessary?	independent sector lead.
If the policy or practice has a	·
neutral or positive impact	
please describe it here.	
Is an Integrated Impact	No, an impact assessment is not required.
Assessment required for this	,
policy or decision (Yes/No)	
Note – if multiple	
assessments are required	
please complete a separate	
template for each of these and	
embed them in the section	
below 'Rationale for Decision'	
with a brief supporting	
narrative. This will ensure all	
relevant assessments are	
connected regardless of the	
stage they are at in the	
process.	
Rationale for Decision	There are three part time members of staff who are
NB: consider: -	supported via the grant funding.
How many people is the	Supported via the grant funding.
proposal likely to affect?	Scottish Care is a membership organisation and as such
	have an elected board member to represent the
Have any obvious	members voices. This support and representation of the
negative impacts been	sector will be maintained through their membership
identified?	
How significant are these	arrangements.
impacts?	The independent and other body of the control of th
Do they relate to an area	The independent sector lead; partners for integration, is
where there are known	funded via grant funding. The lead works with the
inequalities?	partnership to ensure that there is joining up between
<ul> <li>Why are a person's rights</li> </ul>	the partnership and the independent providers to ensure
being restricted?	that we are working in a truly integrated way.
<ul> <li>What is the problem being</li> </ul>	
addressed and will the	With the removal of the funding there is no direct
restriction lead to a	impact on any people or groups from any of the
reduction in the problem?	protected characteristic groups.
•	protosta orialactoriono groupor

Does the restriction			
involve a blanket policy, or			
does it allow for different			
cases to be treated			
differently?			
Are there existing			
safeguards that mitigate			
the restriction?			
Decision of Reviewer			
Name of Reviewer			
Date			
			APPENDIX C
ACHSCP Impact Assessment - S	togo 2 In	maat Assassmant	AI I LIIDIA C
ACHOCF Impact Assessment - 3	lage z – III	npact Assessment	
Description of Policy or Practice b	ooina		_
Description of Policy or Practice k			
developed including intended aim	1.		
Is this a new or existing policy or			
practice?			
Name of Officer Completing Impac	ct		
Assessment			
Date Impact Assessment Started			
Name of Lead Officer			
Date Impact Assessment approve	b		
Date impact / December approve			
Summary of Key Information			
Groups or rights impacted.			
Croups or rights impacted:			
Feedback from consultation and			
engagement and how this informe	ed .		
development of the policy or prac			
Performance Measures identified	, where		
these will be reported and how im			
be monitored.	•		
ao monto ou			

Review	
Date the Impact will be reviewed	
Rationale for Date	

Having considered all of the groups, duties and rights in the list at Appendix A of the Guidance on Impact Assessment could this policy or practice have a negative impact on any of the following. Please answer Yes or No. If you answer Yes, please specify precisely which particular group, duty or right will be impacted and how and also what (if any) current evidence you have.

	Yes/No	Details	Evidence
Protected Characteristics			
Fairer Scotland Duty			
Health Inequality			
Specific Groups			
Human Rights			
UNCRC			

Will there be any cumulative impacts between this policy or decision and others	Yes	No	
Describe what this cumulative impact will			
be and include evidence mitigations in the			
sections below			

Please list below the groups of stakeholders to be engaged with or consulted, what feedback has been received and how this has influenced development of the policy or practice and what (if any) mitigating actions have been put in place.

Stakeholder Groups	Feedback Received	Influence on Policy or Practice/Mitigating Actions

# Scottish Specific Public Sector Duties (SSPSED)

s any part of this policy/service to be carried out wholly or partly by contactors and if so, how will equality, human rights including children's rights and the Fairer Scotland duties be addressed?
Procured, Lendered or Commissioned Services

## ACHSCP Impact Assessment - Stage 4 - Review

Name of Impact Assessment being	
reviewed	
Name of Officer completing review	
Date Review Commenced	
Reason for Review (scheduled or	
accelerated)	
Reason for Accelerated Review	
Name of Lead Officer	
Date Review Completed	
Summary of Key Information	
What amendments have been identified	

What amendments have been identified to the original Impact Assessment?	
What evidence do you have for these amendments?	
What actions have you taken to review the policy or practice in light of the review?	

Having considered all of the groups, duties and rights in the list at Appendix A of the Guidance on Impact Assessment has the impact of this policy or practice changed from the original assessment? Please answer Yes or No. If you answer Yes, please specify precisely what change has occurred and which particular group, duty or right it affects and how and also what (if any) current evidence you have.

	Yes/No	Details	Evidence
Protected Characteristics			
Fairer Scotland Duty			
Health Inequality			
Specific Groups			
Human Rights			
UNCRC			

Will there be any cumulative impacts between this policy or decision and others	Yes	No	
Describe what this cumulative impact will be and include evidence mitigations in the sections below			

Please list below the groups of stakeholders to be engaged with or consulted, what feedback has been received and how this has influenced development of the policy or practice and what (if any) mitigating actions have been put in place in light of the changes identified above.

Stakeholder Groups	Feedback Received	Influence on Policy or Practice/Mitigating Actions	